

# THE ROAD TO EPEL 9

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## WHAT IS EPEL?

### Extra Packages for Enterprise Linux

EPEL is an initiative within the Fedora project to provide additional packages for CentOS and Red Hat Enterprise Linux (RHEL). The goal is to enhance these distros without disturbing or replacing stock packages.

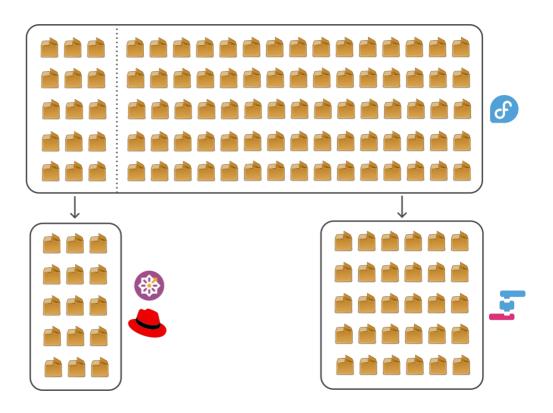




## WHERE DO EPEL PACKAGES COME FROM?

### Short answer, Fedora

CentOS and RHEL are created from a subset of Fedora packages. Fedora packages that are not in that subset are eligible to be included in EPEL.

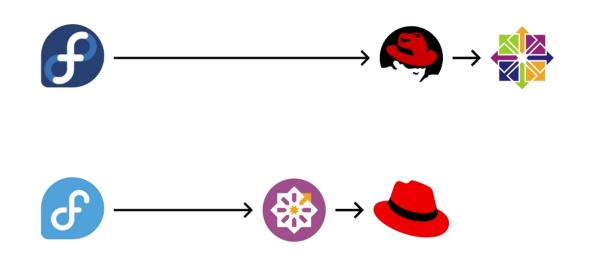




## **CENTOS HAS MOVED UPSTREAM OF RHEL**

### A.K.A CentOS Stream

CentOS no longer aims to be identical to RHEL, but is still very similar. Rather than duplicating RHEL, CentOS is now where the next RHEL minor versions are built. RHEL maintainers are now responsible for their packages in CentOS, and CentOS can now accept contributions from the community.

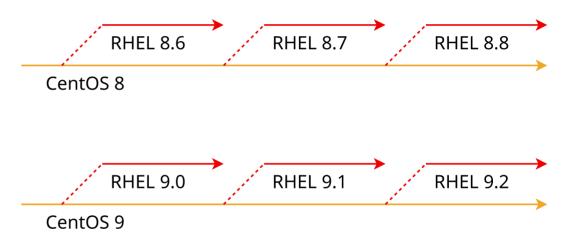




## **RHEL MINOR VERSION LIBRARY CHANGES**

## Happens in CentOS first

RHEL sometimes includes library soname changes in new minor versions. These now show up in CentOS three to six months before RHEL.





## **EPEL NEXT**

### Building EPEL against CentOS

EPEL packages are built against RHEL, but EPEL Next packages are built against CentOS. It is not a complete duplication of EPEL, just an alternate build target and repo for the packages that needed it.



Fedora EPEL 8 updates-testing...



Tuesday, 8 September 2020

#### Howdy folks,

< newer

A large part of my day job is working on CentOS Stream. Naturally I would like it to be successful and have wide adoption. I know that EPEL will play a big role in this success. EPEL is extremely popular. Many users consider RHEL and CentOS unusable without it.

The problem we are facing is that EPEL 8 cannot be 100% compatible with RHEL/CentOS 8 and CentOS 8 Stream at the same time. It is not uncommon for RHEL to ship library soname changes in minor releases. In the RHEL 8 cycle, those changes are showing up in CentOS 8 Stream first. EPEL 8 builds against the latest RHEL 8 release. This can result in EPEL 8 packages that are uninstallable on CentOS 8 Stream due to the library differences. One prominent example we have already seen is Ilvm-libs, which has increased its library soname in every RHEL 8 minor release so far. Another increase is planned for RHEL 8.3, which has already been released in CentOS 8 Stream. There are likely other incompatibilities that haven't been noticed yet. I expect this problem to grow worse as RHEL development continues and more packages are added to EPEL 8. This situation is hurting the adoption of CentOS Stream.

To solve this problem, I am proposing that we create a new repository called EPEL 8 Next.

- built against CentOS 8 Stream

- opt-in for packagers (must request epel8-next dist-git branch)
- opt-in for users (part of epel-release but disabled by default)
- used \*with\* epel8, not \*instead of\*



## EPEL AVAILABILITY AFFECTS DISTRO UPGRADES

## Why isn't foo in EPEL X yet?

EL users often depend on packages from EPEL, and won't start deploying the next major EL version until those packages are available in the corresponding EPEL repo.  $EL6 \longrightarrow EL7$  $EL7 \longrightarrow EL8$  $EL8 \longrightarrow EL9$ 



## **EPEL STAFFING**

### **Community Platform Engineering**

Lack of EPEL packages was identified as a common blocker for RHEL customers to upgrade to new major versions. The need was great enough to justify additional headcount for the CPE group.



### CPE to staff EPEL work

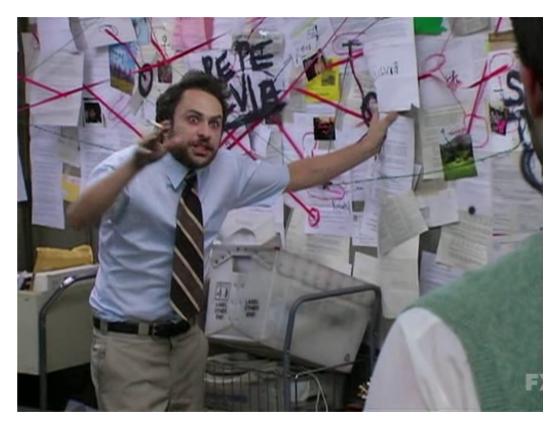
SEPTEMBER 2, 2021 / LEIGH GRIFFIN / COMMENTS OFF

We are pleased to announce that Red Hat is establishing a small team directly responsible for participating in EPEL activities. Their job isn't to displace the EPEL community, but rather to support it full-time. We expect many beneficial effects, among those better EPEL readiness for a RHEL major release. The EPEL team will be part of the wider Community Platform Engineering group, or CPE for short.



### The original plan

- Launch EPEL 9 Next first, by itself, built against CentOS 9
- After RHEL 9 launch, do a mass rebuild of EPEL 9 Next packages against RHEL 9 to populate EPEL 9
- Launch EPEL 9 quickly after RHEL 9





### Issues with this plan

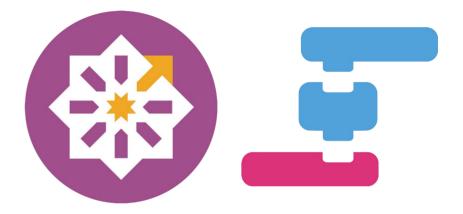
- Confusing for packagers
- Confusing for users
- Difficult to document
- Complexity and added work of mass rebuild
- EPEL 9 not available at RHEL 9 launch





### Revised plan

- Initially setup EPEL 9 to build against CentOS 9
- After the RHEL 9 launch, switch EPEL 9 to build against RHEL 9
- EPEL 9 Next available to continue building against CentOS 9 when needed





### Benefits of the new plan

- Simple for packagers
- Simple for users
- No mass rebuild
- EPEL 9 available before RHEL 9 instead of after





## **EPEL 9 LAUNCH**

## Six months before RHEL 9

This was the first time EPEL has launched months ahead of the corresponding RHEL release.



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### EPEL 9 is now available

DECEMBER 3, 2021 / CARLWGEORGE / 11 COMMENTS

On behalf of the EPEL Steering Committee, I'm pleased to announce the availability of EPEL 9. This is the culmination of five months of work between the EPEL Steering Committee, the Fedora Infrastructure and Release Engineering team, and other contributors. Package maintainers can now request dist-git branches, trigger Koji builds, and submit Bodhi updates for EPEL 9 packages.

Instructions to enable the EPEL repository are available in **our documentation**. If there is a Fedora package you would like to see added to EPEL 9, please let the relevant package maintainer know with a **package request**.



## IS EPEL 9 "READY"?

### If you don't think so, file bugs

It is up to the individual package maintainers to build their packages in EPEL 9, just like in previous EPEL repos. There is no specific content set for EPEL. Many packagers won't build their packages for a new EPEL release until someone requests it.

#### DOCS

Helping EPEL

Guidelines and Policies

Request Packages

EPEL

About

FAO

G EPEL / Request Packages

#### EPEL Package Request

#### Table of Contents

• Determine the component

- File a bug
  - Consumers / End Users
  - Fedora / EPEL Packagers

• EPEL Packagers SIG members

When requesting a Fedora package for EPEL, the steps are a little different depending on your ability or willingness to help.

#### NOT

Before requesting a package in EPEL, it must first be in Fedora. There are some rare exceptions where an EPEL-only package is necessary, but those are out of scope for this guide.

#### **Determine the component**

EPEL package requests are tracked in bugzilla. The **source package** name is used as the bugzilla component field. This may or may not be the same as the package name you are looking for. If you are not sure what the source package name is, search for your desired package in the Fedora Packages web app. Once you locate the desired package in this app, the URL will have the following structure:

#### https://packages.fedoraproject.org/pkgs/<source\_package>/<package>/

The title of the page will be "package> Subpackage of <source\_package>" if
the names are different, or just "spackage>" if the names are the same. Use the
source package name for the component in the rest of this guide.

#### File a bug

Before opening a new bug report, check the existing ones to see if the package has already been requested. Use the following URL (replacing "<component>" with your component) to view existing open bugs.



EPEL

Search the docs 🛛 🗆 In this project

en-US 🗸 🖱 🗷 🕯

#### Contents

#### Determine the component File a bug

Consumers / End Users Fedora / EPEL Packagers EPEL Packagers SIG members

## **RHEL 9 LAUNCH**

## With EPEL 9 significantly populated

The early EPEL 9 launch allowed RHEL 9 to launch with many community packages available to use on day 1.

- 5,764 packages
- 2,678 source packages

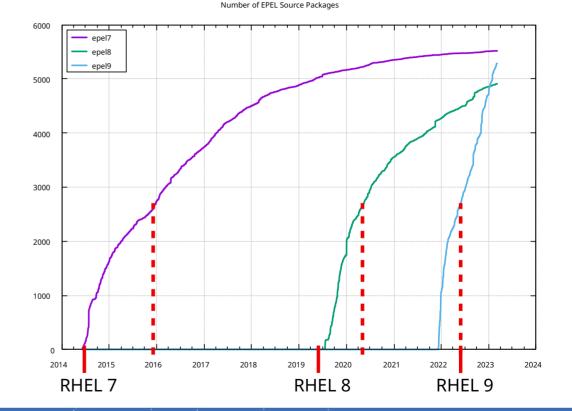




## HOW IS EPEL 9 DOING NOW?

## Growing faster than ever

- 14,372 packages
- 5,240 source packages





## **BONUS TALK: THE ROAD TO EPEL 10**

## WHAT ABOUT EPEL 10?

### Minor version branches

The EPEL + EPEL Next model solves real problems, but is not intuitive for maintainers. Our plan is to revamp the branching structure to better support CentOS and specific RHEL minor versions.

### tinyurl.com/epel10proposal



1/13

Nov 22

#### EPEL 10 proposal 🖋

Project Discussion #epel

Carl George C carlwgeorge

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Now that EPEL 9 is in **full swing** [5], if like to start planning ahead for what comes next. CentOS Stream 10 is expected to be available in 2024. We should be able to start EPEL 10 around the same time. Until then, we have the opportunity to evaluate what we can improve in EPEL.

I am proposing a new workflow and structure for EPEL 10. The high level summary is for EPEL 10 to have unique branches, build targets, and repos for each minor version of RHEL 10, including CentOS Stream 10 as the upcoming minor version. This would be a significant change from how EPEL works today, but I think It would address several pain points for maintainers and users. I am opening this topic for discussion as early as possible before the EPEL 10 lanch to gather feedback. Please note that this is currently just a proposal and has yet to be voted on by the EPEL Stering Committee.

Before getting into specific details, let's recap how things currently work in EPEL

#### The current EPEL model

In the past (EPEL 7 and earlier), EPEL only targeted the current minor version of each major version of RHEL. Once a new RHEL minor version was released, the corresponding EPEL buildroot would switch to using it more or less immediately. 8h ago

branch built against dist tag repo

epel7 RHEL 7.x .el7 /pub/epel/7/

New RHEL minor versions sometimes included library soname changes, which had the potential to cause EPEL packages to no longer install on the new minor version. One example of this was the rebase of **imageMagick in RHEL7.8** which caused **php-peclimagick**, **ripright**, **drawtiming**, and others packages to no longer be installable until they could be rebuilt. Having affected packages installed could block system upgrades. Package maintainers were often caught off guard by these types of changes. Even if the maintainer knew the change was coming, there was nothing they could do to prepare their packages ahead of time. Thankfully these occurrences were rare overall.

This problem was exacerbated in EPEL 8 with the introduction of CentOS Stream. Now those library changes started happening in CentOS Stream 8 first, months before landing in the next RHEL8 minor version. This resulted in some EPEL 8 packages being installable on RHEL 8 but not on CentOS Stream 8. EPEL 8 Next was created to solve this problem. It allowed maintainers to optionally build against CentOS Stream 8 and provide the resulting packages in a separate repo.

branch	built against	dist tag	repo
epel8-next	CentOS Stream 8	.el8.next	/pub/epel/next/8/
epel8	RHEL 8.x	.el8	/pub/epel/8/

This separate repo was not meant to be a complete duplication of EPEL. It was intended only for packages that needed a rebuild to work on CentOS Stream 8, so CentOS Stream users needed to enable both the EPEL and EPEL Next repos. Once the CentOS Stream 8 change landed in RHEL 8, the package would be rebuilt again with a higher release than both the existing EPEL and EPEL Next builds to facilitate a proper upgrade path for all users. This structure works well enough to allow maintainers to target both RHEL 8.x + 10 CentOS Stream 9 change have needed.

EPEL 9 eventually aligned to the same model as EPEL 8, but started off slightly differently. CentOS Stream 9 was available before RHEL 9. EPEL took advantage of this to launch early and give maintainers more time to prepare their packages. Packages were built against CentOS Stream 9 with the null Alektana and direction packages. Packages were built against CentOS Stream 9.



branch	built against	dist tag	repo path
epel9	CentOS 9	.el9	epel/9



branch	built against	dist tag	repo path
epel9-next	CentOS 9	.el9.next	epel/next/9
epel9	RHEL 9.x	.el9	epel/9



branch	built against	dist tag	repo path
<del>epel9 next</del>	CentOS 9	.el9.next	archive/epel/next/9
epel9	RHEL 9.x	.el9	epel/9



## FEDORA BRANCH STRUCTURE

branch	built against	dist tag	repo path
rawhide	Rawhide	.fc38	fedora/linux/development/rawhide
f37	Fedora 37	.fc37	fedora/linux/releases/37
f36	Fedora 36	.fc36	fedora/linux/releases/36
<del>f35</del>	Fedora 35	.fc35	archive/fedora/linux/releases/35



## FEDORA BRANCH STRUCTURE

branch	built against	dist tag	repo path
rawhide	Rawhide	.fc39	fedora/linux/development/rawhide
f38	Fedora 38	.fc38	fedora/linux/releases/38
f37	Fedora 37	.fc37	fedora/linux/releases/37
<del>f36</del>	Fedora 36	.fc36	archive/fedora/linux/releases/36



branch	built against	dist tag	repo path
epel10	CentOS 10	.el10_0	epel/10.0



branch	built against	dist tag	repo path
epel10	CentOS 10	.el10_1	epel/10.1
epel10.0	RHEL10.0	.el10_0	epel/10.0



branch	built against	dist tag	repo path
epel10	CentOS 10	.el10_2	epel/10.2
epel10.1	RHEL 10.1	.el10_1	epel/10.1
<del>epel10.0</del>	RHEL 10.0	.el10_0	archive/epel/10.0



branch	built against	dist tag	repo path
epel10	CentOS 10	.el10_3	epel/10.3
epel10.2	RHEL10.2	.el10_2	epel/10.2
<del>epel10.1</del>	RHEL 10.1	.el10_1	archive/epel/10.1



# **Q & A**



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# THAT'S ALL FOLKS!



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