

Apache Kafka® and Apache Druid® as the platform for modern analytics

Apache Druid

Use Cases

Architecture

What Makes it Fast

Kafka Integration

Streaming at any Scale

Data Enhancement in the Pipeline

Learn more...



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High performance.

Real-time.

Analytics.

Database.

Low-latency, distributed query execution and high throughput ingestion

Event data (clickstream, network flows, user behavior, programmatic advertising, server metrics, IoT...)

Counting, ranking, statistics...

Highly-available, time-sharded, partitioned, columnar, indexed, compressed, versioned materialized view

The adoption and maturity of our technology

10,000+
Community Members

400+

Active Contributors

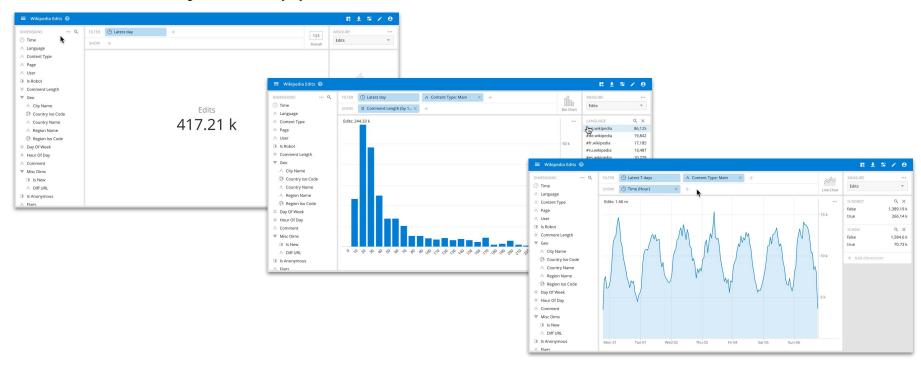
450+

Code Releases

1,000+

Companies Using Druid

Modern Analytics Applications



- **0.1–3s query**
- 🚰 fresh data

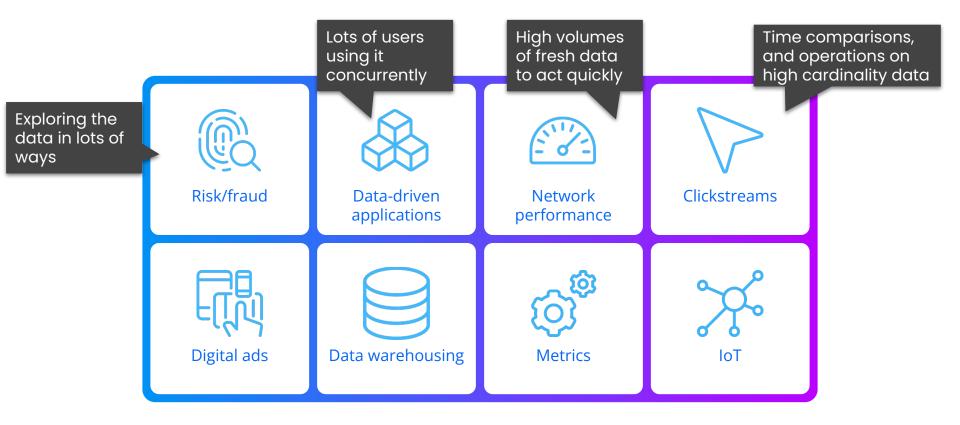


🏋 high concurrency



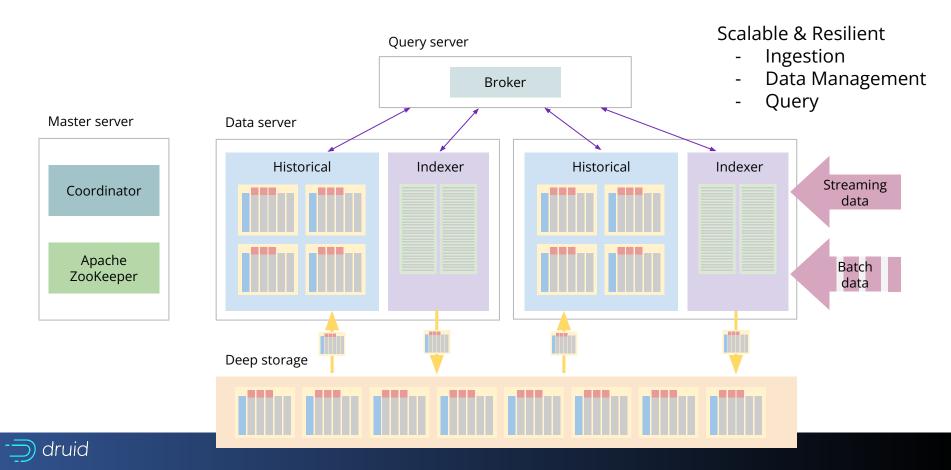
highly interactive

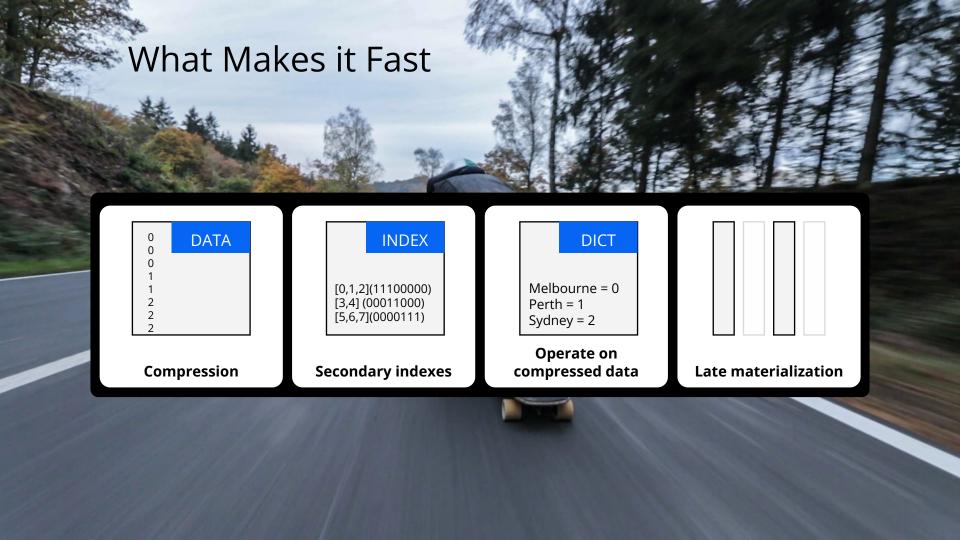
Where Immediate Intelligence matters...

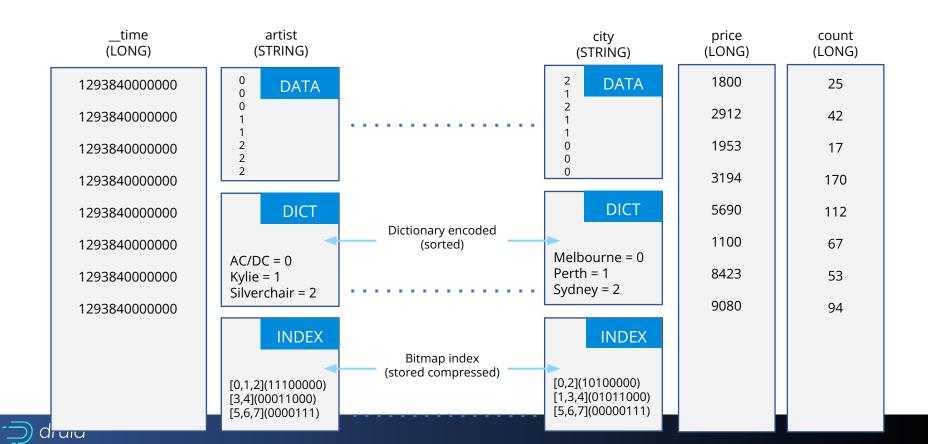


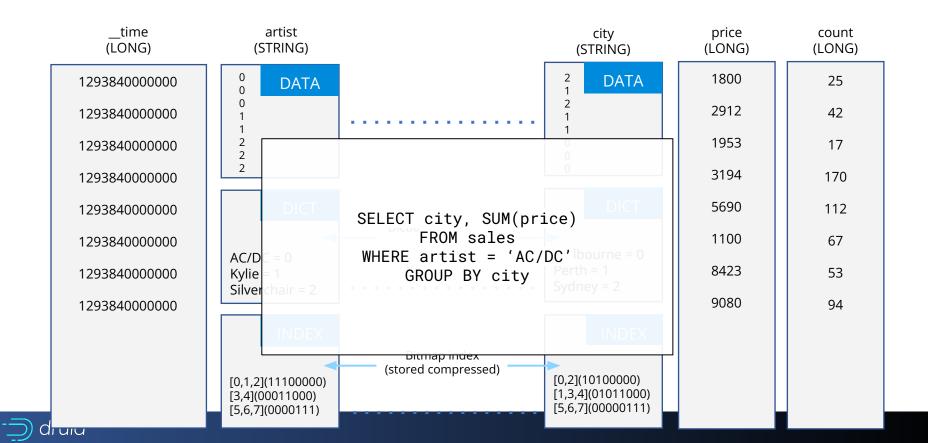


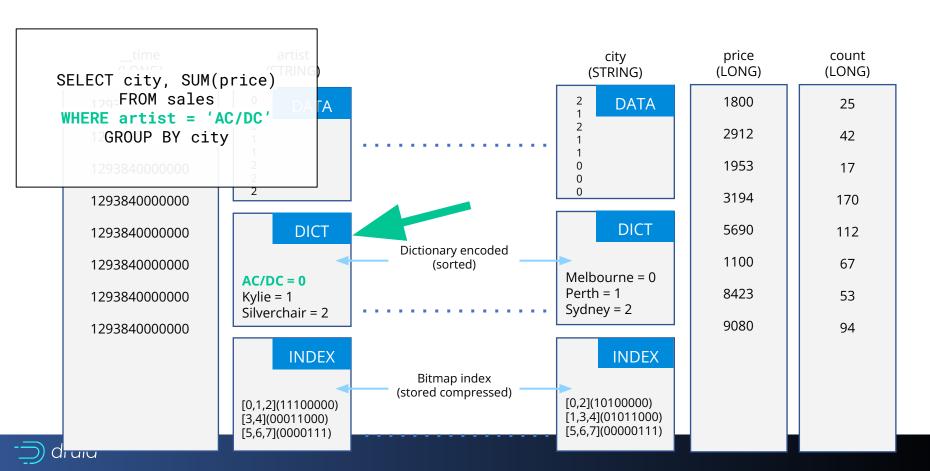
Architecture - Druid uses a microservice architecture

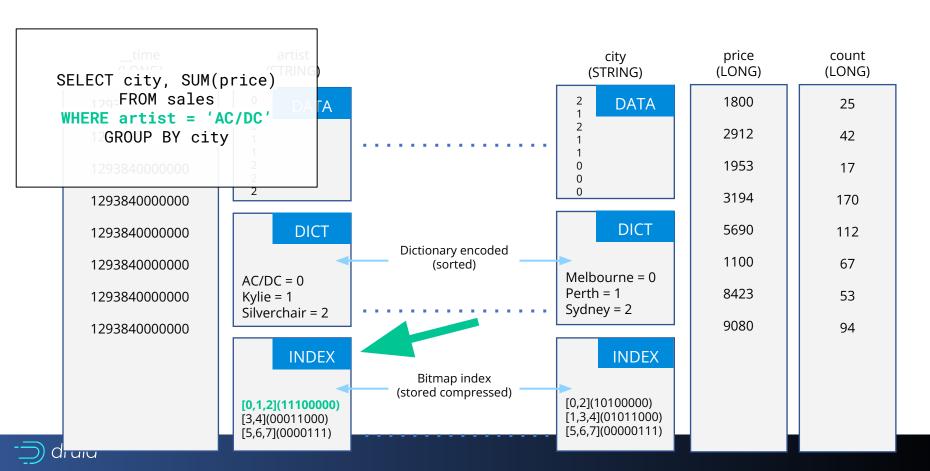


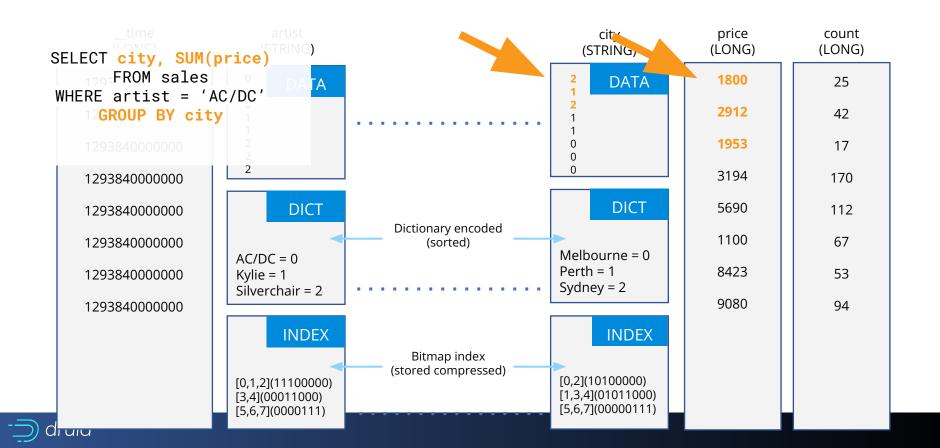


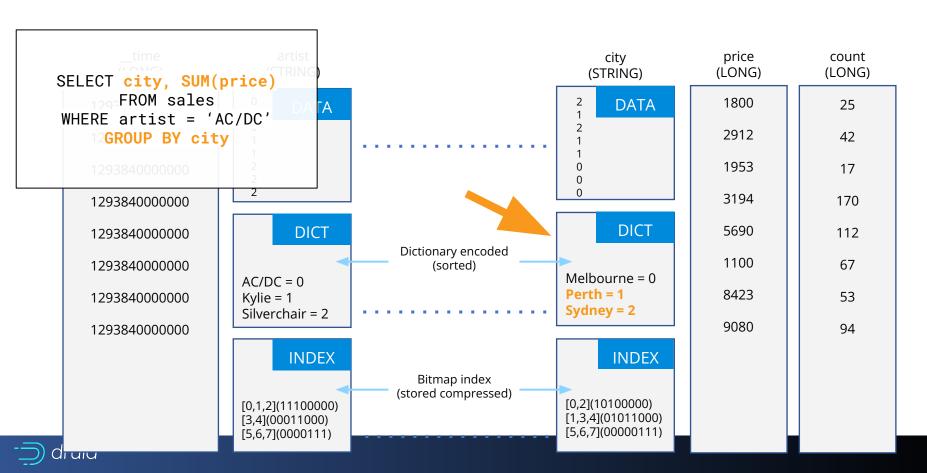


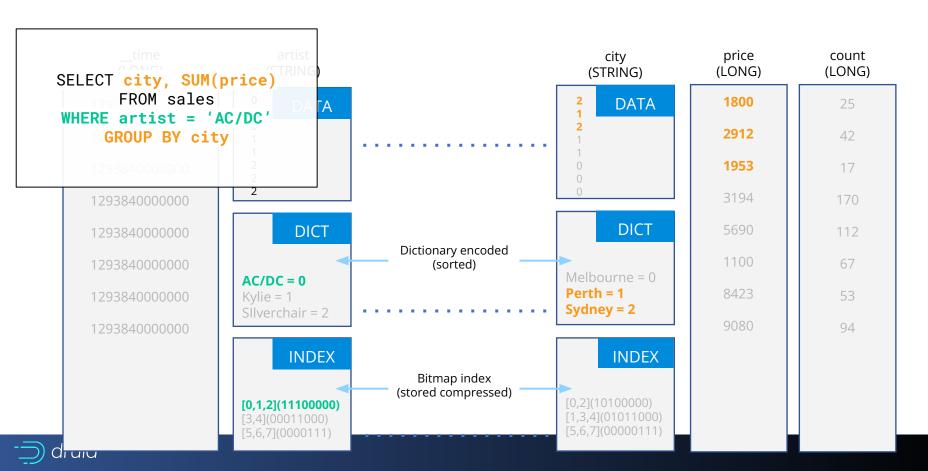




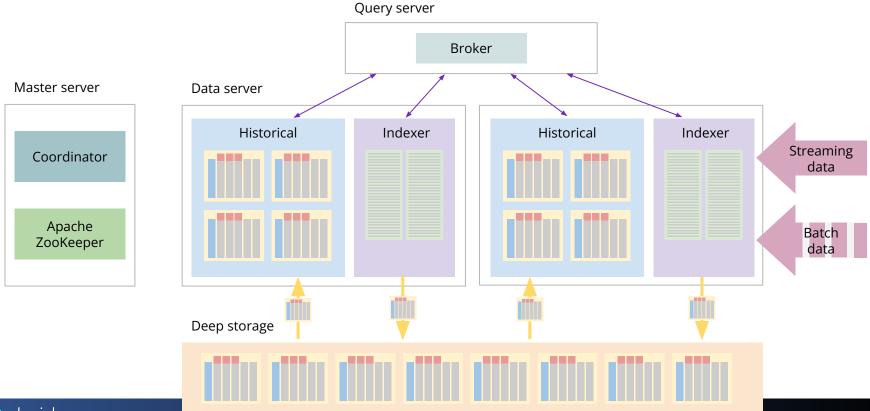








Druid uses a microservice architecture





Apache Druid

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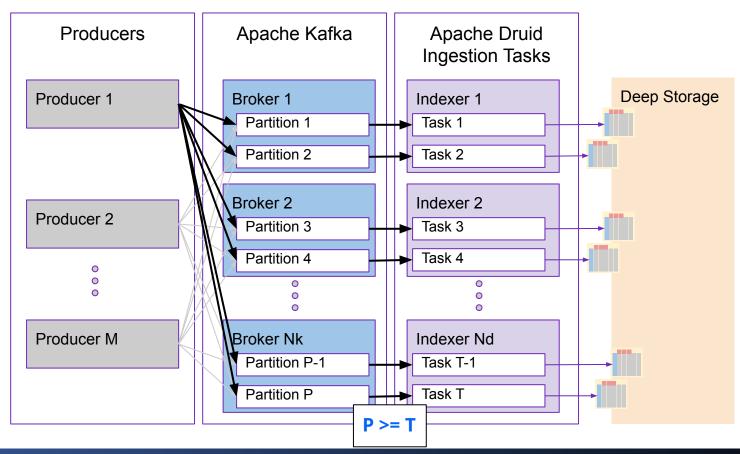
Streaming at any Scale

Data Enhancement in the Pipeline

Learn more...

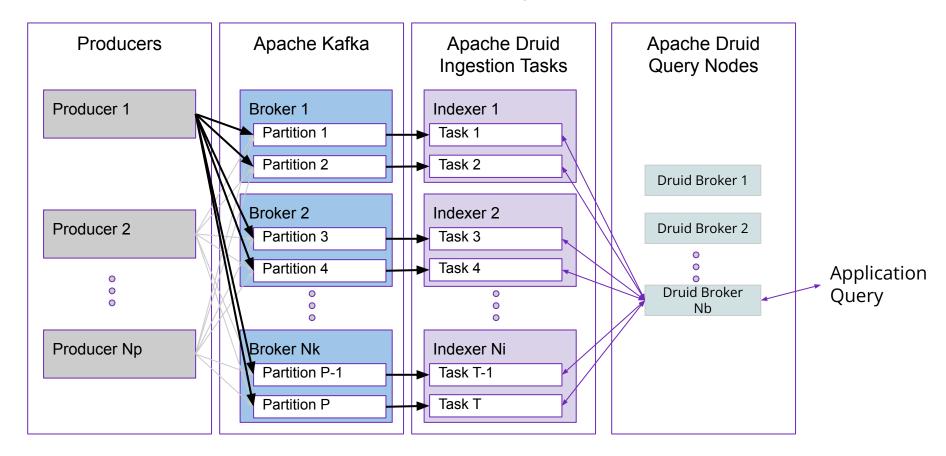


Scalable Data Ingestion



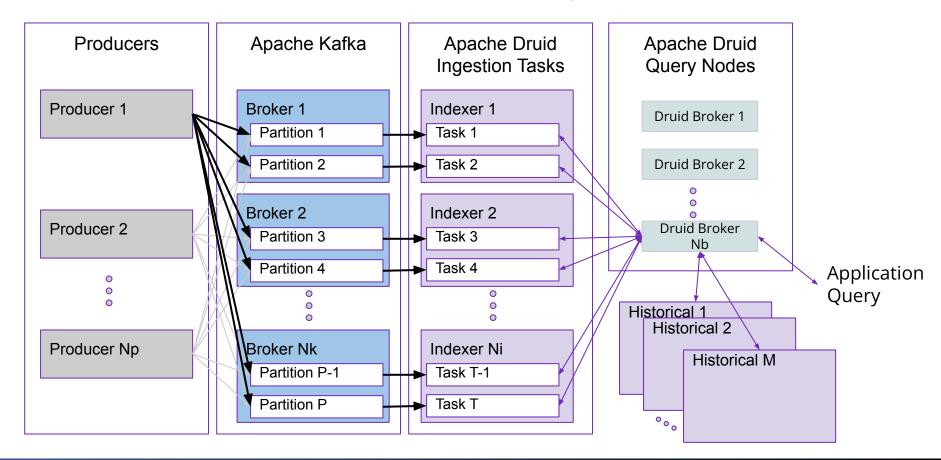


Scalable Real-time Queries



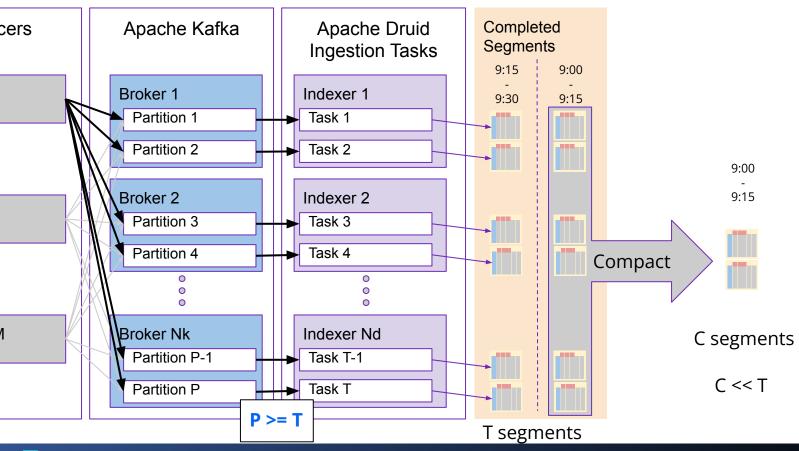


Scalable Real-time + Historical Queries



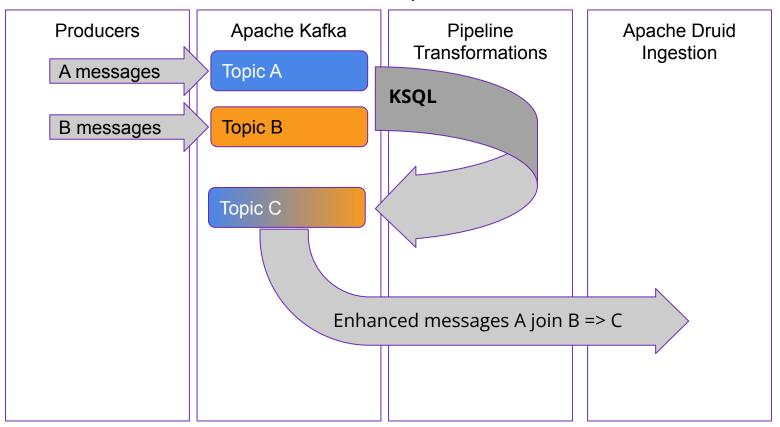


Best Practice: Scalable Data Ingestion + Autocompaction



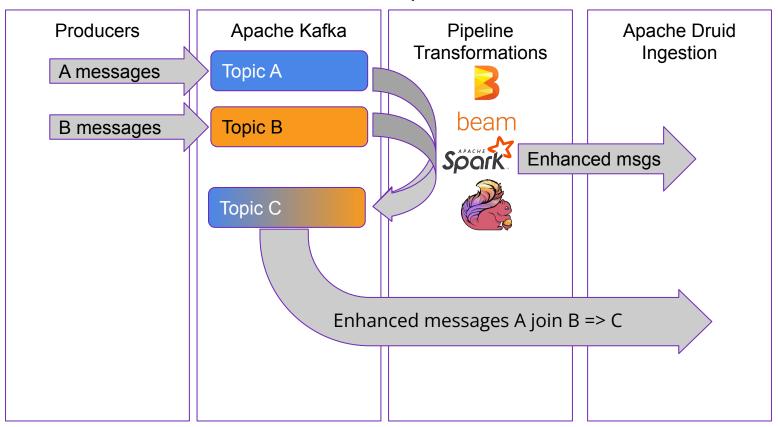


Data Enhancement in the Pipeline - Kafka SQL





Data Enhancement in the Pipeline - Other Tech



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Technology Use Cases Powered By Docs Community Apache

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Powered by Apache Druid

Add Your Company

There are numerous companies of various sizes in production with Druid. Some of them are listed below.

Adikteev

druid

Adlkteev is the leading mobile app re-engagement platform for performance-driven marketers, and is consistently ranked in the top 5 of the AppsFlyer Performance Index. By using Druid instead of relying on slow and stale dashboards, we have been able to achieve internal productivity gains, make better decisions faster, provide our external clients with strategic advice to improve the performance and effectiveness of their retargeting marketing campaigns, and notify clients quickly of potentially serious problems.

· How Adikteev helps customers succeed using self-service analytics

Airbnb

Druid powers slice and dice analytics on both historical and realtime-time metrics. It significantly reduces latency of analytic queries and help people to get insights more interactively.

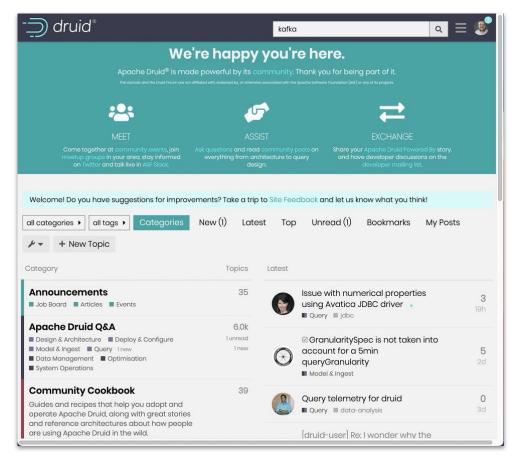
- · How Druid enables analytics at Airbnb
- · How Airbnb Achieved Metric Consistency at Scale

Airbridge

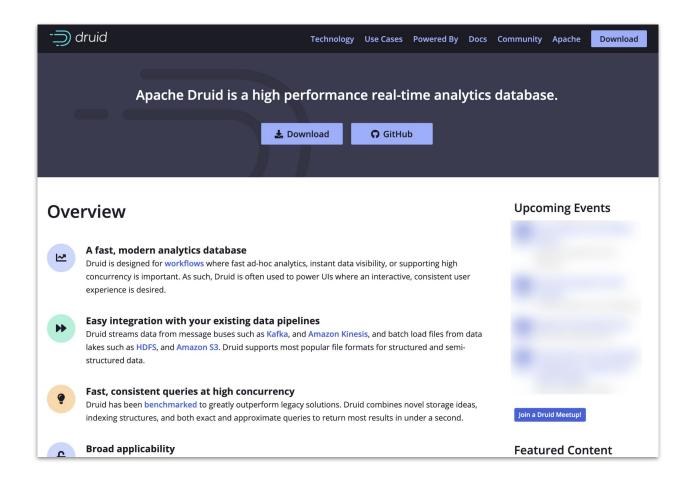
Airbridge is an people-based attribution and omni-channel campaign analytics platform helping marketers measure and optimize their marketing campaigns. Thanks to Druid's data aggregation technology, marketers using Airbridge are able to receive real-time granular reports regarding their campaign's performance executed across a variety of devices, platforms, and channels.

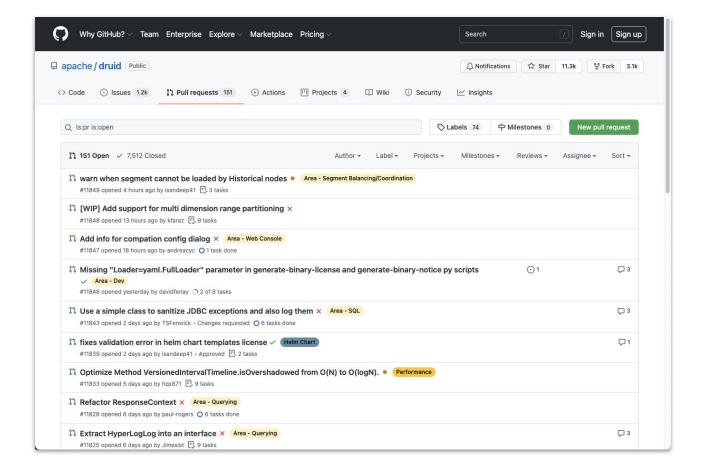
Alibaba

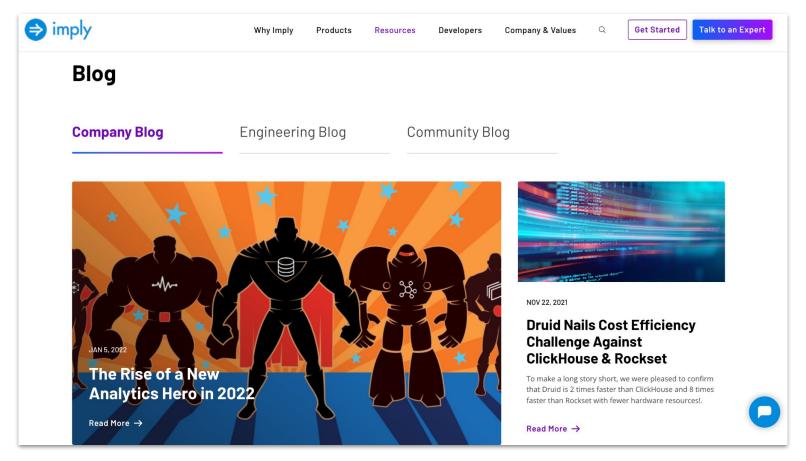




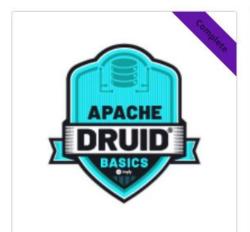
Druid Forum "Tag Browser"







Imply blog "Community Spotlights" and "Discovery Series"



Apache Druid® Basics

Druid is becoming the go-to cloud-native answer to scalable time-series data storage and analytics. So, if you have time-series data, you'll want to know how to use Druid.

FREE

6 hr 30 min



Apache Druid® Ingestion and Data Modeling

Data modeling is the key to leveraging your Apache Druid® database. Learn how to ingest data into Druid data models that are fast and scalable.

FREE

Beginner and Intermediate level lessons with accreditation exams

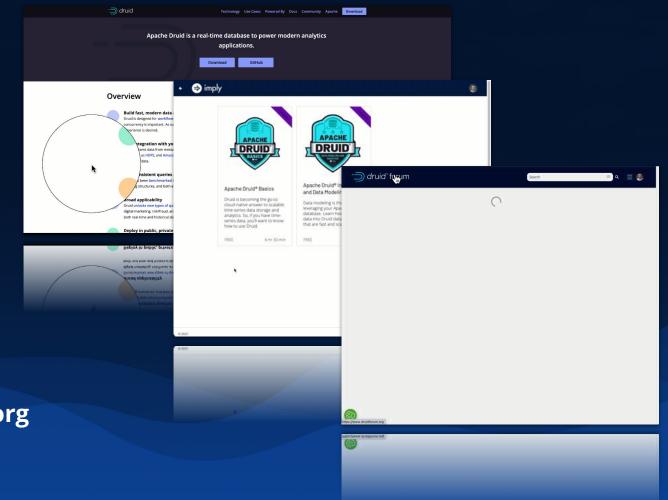
imply Analytics in Motion Thank you

Apache Druid training and labs

learn.imply.io

Q&A, video library, and events

www.druidforum.org







Imply Community Team community@imply.io



Imply Training Program https://learn.imply.io



Druid User Forum by Imply https://www.druidforum.org



Druid Professionals Grouphttps://www.linkedin.com/groups/8791983/



Druid Meetups https://www.meetup.com/pro/apache-druid/



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Apache Druid Slack #druid



Druid @ Implyhttps://imply.io/what-is-druid/

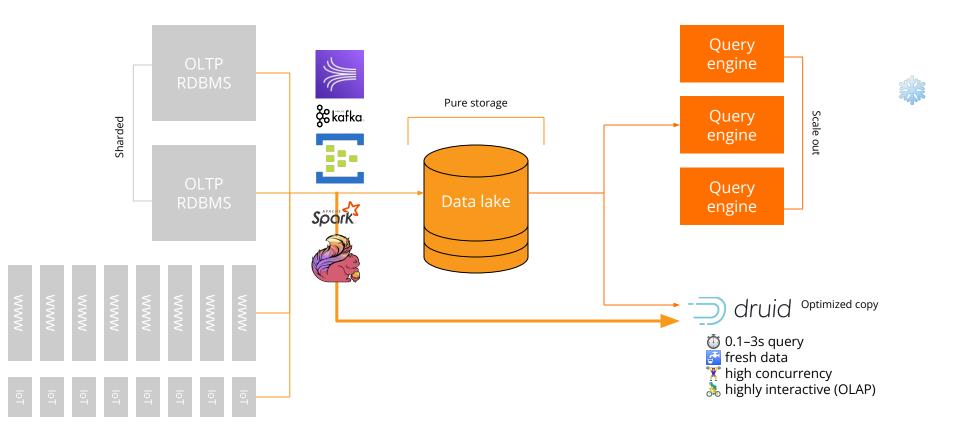
& kafka + D druid

Thank you!

& kafka + D druid

Backup Slides

The hot / immediate pipeline!































Druid

A Real-time Analytical Data Store

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Druid is an open source¹ data store designed for real-time exploratory analytics on large data sets. The system combines a column-oriented storage layout, a distributed, shared-nothing architecture, and an advanced indexing structure to allow for the arbitrary exploration of billion-row tables with sub-second latencies. In this paper, we describe Druid's architecture, and detail how it supports fast aggregations, flexible filters, and low latency data ingestion.

Categories and Subject Descriptors

H.2.4 [Database Management]: Systems—Distributed databases

distributed; real-time; fault-tolerant; highly available; open source; analytics; column-oriented; OLAP

1. INTRODUCTION In recent years, the proliferation of internet technology has created a surge in machine-generated events. Individually, these events contain minimal useful information and are of low value. Given the time and resources required to extract meaning from large collections of events, many companies were willing to discard this data instead. Although infrastructure has been built to handle event-based data (e.g. IBM's Netezza[37], HP's Vertica[5], and EMC's Greenplum(29)), they are largely sold at high price points and are only targeted towards those companies who can afford the offering.

A few years ago, Google introduced MapReduce [11] as their mechanism of leveraging commodity hardware to index the internectuatism of reveraging continuous naturals to index use many net and analyze logs. The Hadoop [36] project soon followed and was largely patterned after the insights that came out of the original MapReduce paper. Hadoop is currently deployed in many organizations to store and analyze large amounts of log data. Hadoop has contributed much to helping companies convert their low-value

http://druid.io/ https://github.com/metamx/druid

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event streams into high-value aggregates for a variety of applications such as business intelligence and A-B testing.

As with many great systems, Hadoop has opened our eyes to a new space of problems. Specifically, Hadoop excels at storing and providing access to large amounts of data, however, it does not make any performance guarantees around how quickly that data can be accessed. Furthermore, although Hadoop is a highly available system, performance degrades under heavy concurrent load. Lastly, while Hadoop works well for storing data, it is not optimized for ingesting data and making that data immediately readable.

Early on in the development of the Metamarkets product, we ran into each of these issues and came to the realization that Hadoop is a great back-office, batch processing, and data warehousing system. However, as a company that has product-level guarantees around query performance and data availability in a highly concurrent environment (1000+ users), Hadoop wasn't going to meet our needs. We explored different solutions in the space, and after trying both Relational Database Management Systems and NoSQL architectures, we came to the conclusion that there was nothing in the open source world that could be fully leveraged for our requirements. We ended up creating Druid, an open source, distributed, column-oriented, real-time analytical data store. In many ways, Druid shares similarities with other OLAP systems [30, 35, 22], interactive query systems [28], main-memory databases [14], as well as widely known distributed data stores [7, 12, 23]. The distribution and query model also borrow ideas from current generation search infrastructure [25, 3, 4].

This paper describes the architecture of Druid, explores the various design decisions made in creating an always-on production system that powers a hosted service, and attempts to help inform any one who faces a similar problem about a potential method of solving it. Druid is deployed in production at several technology compa nies2. The structure of the paper is as follows: we first describe the problem in Section 2. Next, we detail system architecture from the point of view of how data flows through the system in Section 3. We then discuss how and why data gets converted into a binary format in Section 4. We briefly describe the query API in Section 5 and present performance results in Section 6. Lastly, we leave off with our lessons from running Druid in production in Section 7, and related work in Section 8.

2. PROBLEM DEFINITION

Druid was originally designed to solve problems around ingesting and exploring large quantities of transactional events (log data). This form of timeseries data is commonly found in OLAP work-2http://druid.io/druid.html

Druid: A real-time analytical data store



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CONDÉ NAST













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