

Data Lifecycles at Massive Scale

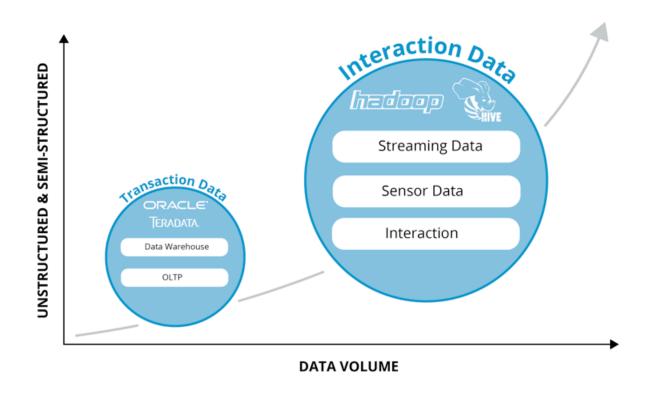
Pasadena, January 2016



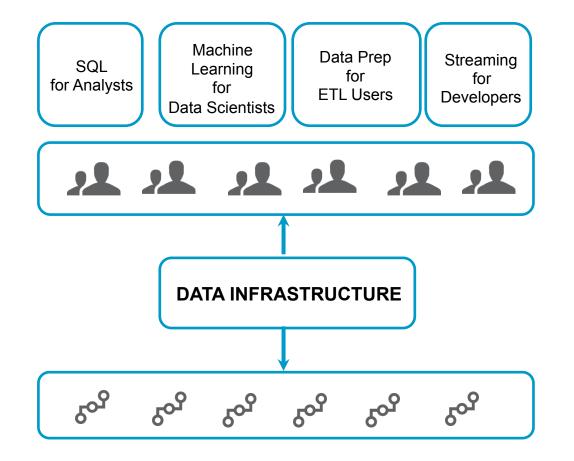
- Co-founder and CEO of Qubole
 - Cloud Based Big Data as a Service
 - Processes 250PB+ data every month
- Lead Data Infrastructure at Facebook
 - Made Big Data Self-service in Facebook
 - Nearly an Exabyte of data
- Co-creator of Apache Hive
 - Democratized Big Data through SQL







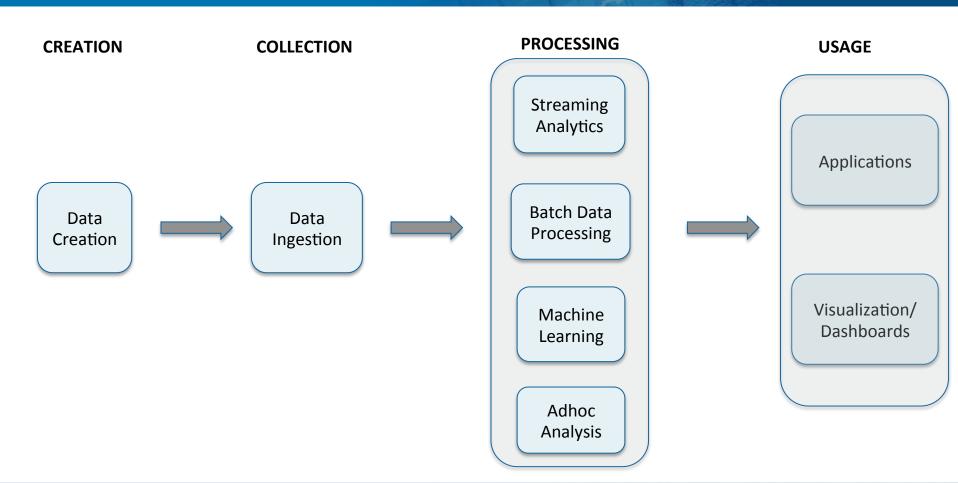




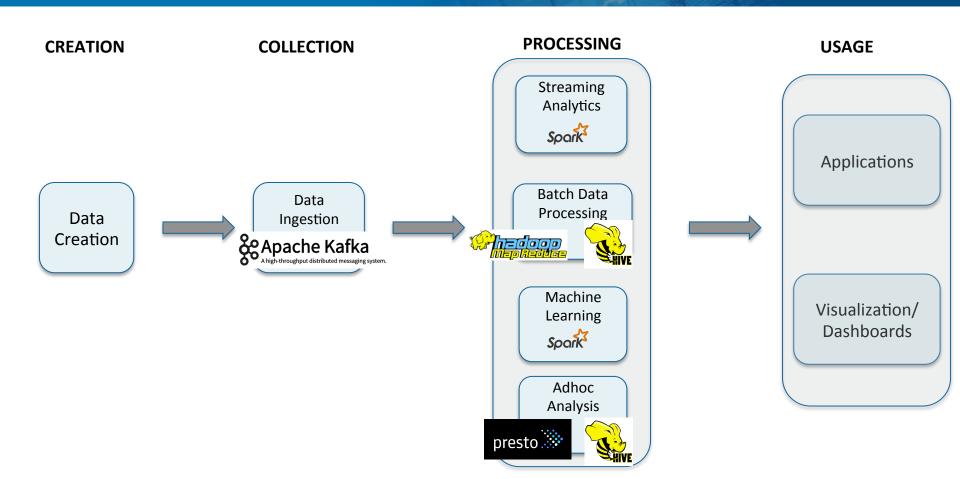
Multi-Persona support for Multiple Use-cases

Scalability on Commodity Hardware





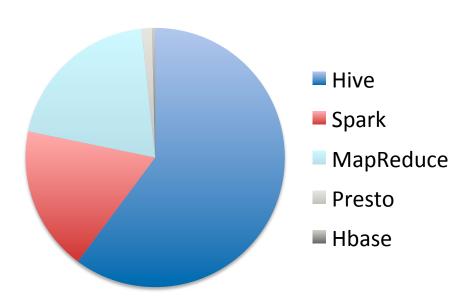






250PB+ Data Processed Every Month

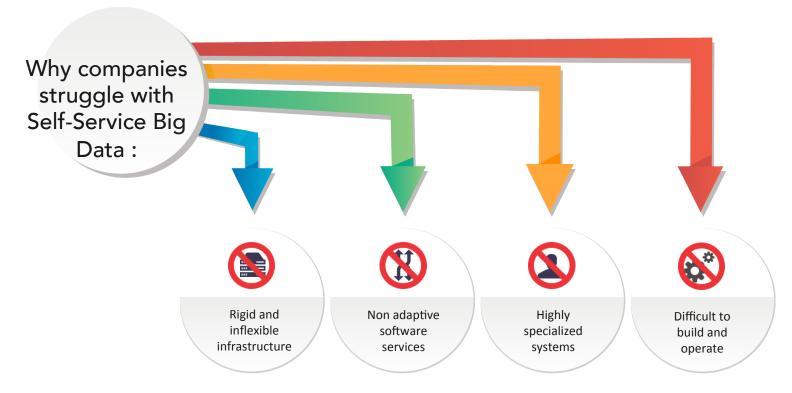
Engine Usage on Qubole



A Modern Data Platform needs Multiple Engines

- Hive for Complex SQL
- Spark for Data Science and Streaming
- Presto for Interactive Simple SQL
- Map Reduce for Batch ETL





- 6-18 month implementation time
- Only 27% of Big Data initiatives are classified as "Successful" in 2014

- Only 13% of organizations achieve full-scale production
- 57% of organizations cite skills gap as a major inhibitor



The Cloud Provides:



On-demand Infrastructure



Highly Scalable Object Stores



Self Service Infrastructure



The Right Storage for Storing Big Data

- Elastic Scalability: petabyte scale without capacity constraints
- High Concurrency: throughput scales linearly
- **High Availability**: 99.99% availability
- **High Durability**: easily more durable than HDFS 3x replicas
- Enterprise Grade at a fraction of the cost



The Right Compute Paradigm to Fit Usage

- On-Demand: provision entire clusters in less than two minutes with no lead time for sourcing
- **Elastic**: cluster size should match workload; run with thousands of nodes when you need it, de-provision all nodes when idle
- **Flexible**: change compute infrastructure to fit workloads
- Cost Efficiency: Multiple SLA options to fit the right budget to the workloads







Integrated big data software



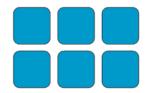
Benefits:

- Agile platform 10 to 1000 nodes in minutes
- Flexible infrastructure different types of nodes of different work loads
- · Zero Operations
- · Lower TCO

DIY

(Cloudera, Hortonworks etc.)

Static clusters



Big data component confusion



Cons:

- Lot of planning to get clusters up and running
- · Inflexible and static infrastructure
- · Need Hadoop operations experts
- · Higher TCO



Security is a no. 1 citizen: Cloud Built from Outside-In

- Multiple Encryption options
- Industry-standard authentication for every REST API request
- Virtual Private Cloud
- Auto-logging for auditability
- Industry Compliance

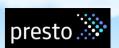


Successful Big Data Adoption at Scale with a Unified Big Data Platform Built for the Cloud

















Multi-User and SaaS architecture for Best Operational Efficiency

Enterprise Grade Security, Governance and Reliability Auto-scaling and portability across Clouds

