bpfilter: packet filtering with BPF and nftables



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- Member of the Linux Userspace team: we aim to make significant contributions to upstream userspace projects
- Working on bpfilter since September 2022

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About iptables

- Created by Rusty Russels in 1998
- 1998's iptables is not 2024's iptables
- It defines a structure we are familiar with:
 - Tables to decide whether to NAT, filter, or mangle
 - Chains to attach rules to the networking stack
 - Rules to filter packets on specific criteria

filter table

INPUT chain

FORWARD chain

OUTPUT chain

- If ICMP, DROP
- If from 192.168.1.1, DROP
- If from 192.168.1.0/24 ACCEPT
- Else DROP



Jérôme Petazzoni @jpetazzo

OH: "In any team you need a tank, a healer, a damage dealer, someone with crowd control abilities, and another who knows iptables"

How does it work?

- What is the workflow?
 - Read and validate command line arguments
 - Uses getsockopt () to retrieve the whole ruleset from the kernel
 - Modify the ruleset from userspace and send it back using setsockopt ()
- The data is sent to / received from the kernel in a binary format (i.e. struct ipt_entry)

Let's talk about the caveats

- 1998 was a long time ago, technology evolved (at lot) since then
- Packet filtering and firewall rules become more and more complex
- iptables' architecture is not suited for modern network requirements
- If your firewall can't keep up: you drop packets
- Can we improve the situation?

"Let there be eBPF"

Alexei Starovoitov, probably

Tutorial: speeding up iptables

- 1. Define a new UMH module
- 2. Plug the module to net/ipv4/ip_sockglue.c
- 3. Translate iptables rules to BPF programs
- 4. Enjoy!



Jérôme Petazzoni @jpetazzo

As it turns out, I should retire that tweet, since now we also need someone who knows eBPF, XDP, nftables ...

So far, so good

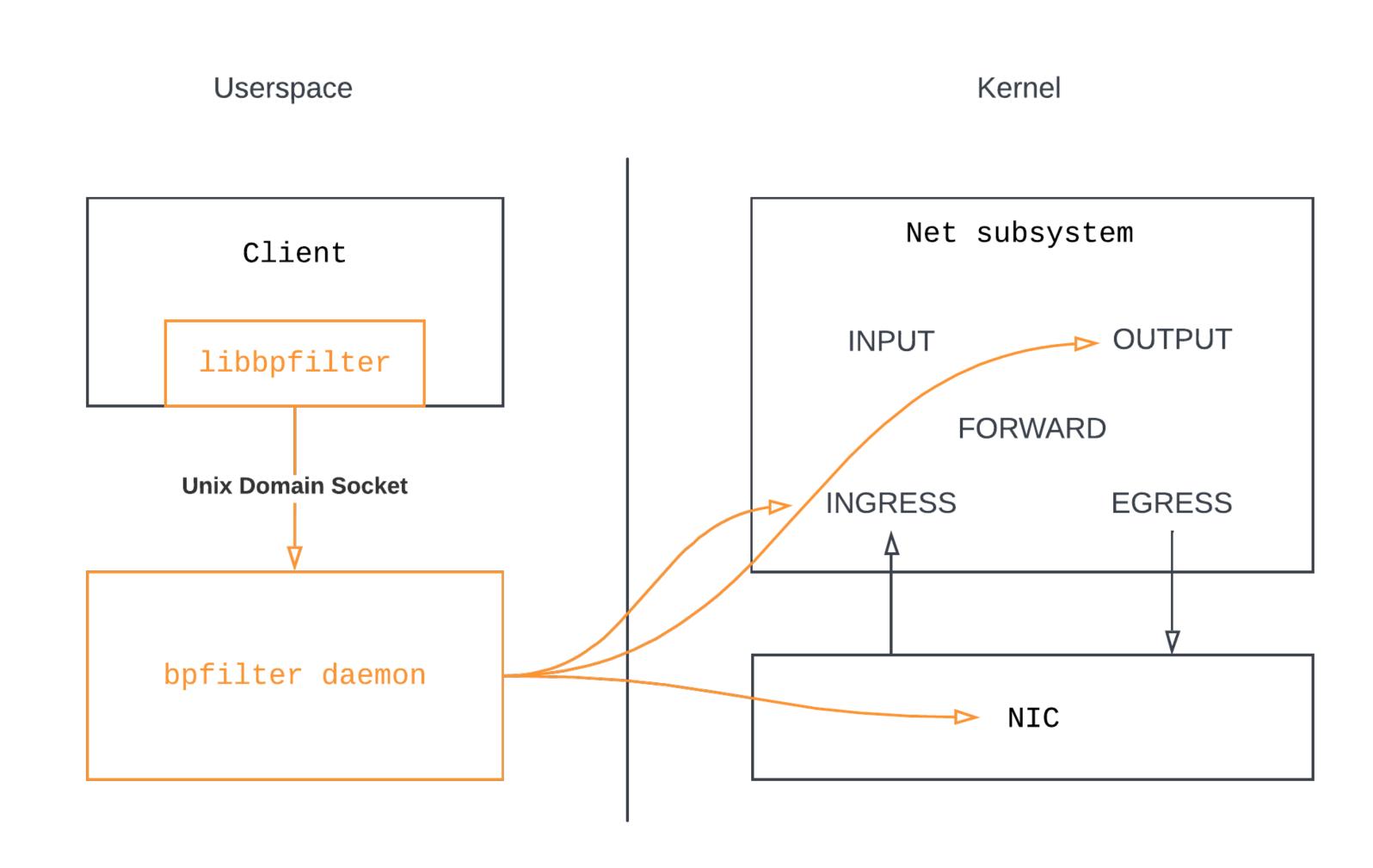
- Alexei Starovoitov, Dave Miller, and Daniel Borkmann created the first version of bpfilter.
- Dmitrii Banshchikov tried to implement the BPF bytecode generation
 - Stopped at v2
- I tentatively submitted a v3

Relocation to userspace

- The architecture was difficult to maintain
- bpfilter was tied to the kernel development process
- The project being under heavy development, it's difficult to get timely review

New bpfilter

- Complete refactor of the project
- Two main parts now:
 - libbpfilter
 - bpfilter daemon



Userspace

nft add rule inet \$TABLE \$CHAIN tcp dport 22 drop

nftables 101

- Packet filtering framework
- Replaces iptables
- Uses Netlink, not {get, set}sockopt()

```
ip $TABLE $CHAIN
  [ meta load l4proto => reg 1 ]
  [ cmp eq reg 1 0x00000006 ]
  [ payload load 2b @ transport header + 2 => reg 1 ]
  [ cmp eq reg 1 0x00001600 ]
  [ immediate reg 0 drop ]
```

Kernel

nftables subsystem

03 BPFILTER NOW

libbpfilter

- Lightweight library
- Aims to ease integration to bpfilter
- Data-independant

```
nft add rule inet $TABLE $CHAIN tcp dport 22 drop
 ip $TABLE $CHAIN
     meta load l4proto => reg 1 ]
     cmp eq reg 1 0x00000006 ]
     payload load 2b @ transport header + 2 => reg 1 ]
     cmp eq reg 1 0x00001600 ]
     immediate reg 0 drop ]
                      libbpfilter
struct bf_request {
 metadata: {...},
 nft_bytecode:
   ip $TABLE $CHAIN
       meta load l4proto => reg 1 ]
       cmp eq reg 1 0x00000006 ]
       payload load 2b @ transport header + 2 => reg 1 ]
       cmp eq reg 1 0x00001600 ]
       immediate reg 0 drop ]
                    bpfilter daemon
```

The daemon

- Listens on a Unix Domain Socket
- Perform the heavy lifting:
 - Translation of the client-specific format
 - Generation of the BPF programs
 - Management of the BPF programs

```
struct bf_request {
                 bpfilter daemon
   Translation
                          Generation
                Loading
              BPF programs
                Kernel
```

Translation

- Dedicated front-end for each client
- Convert client-specific data into an internal format
- Allows for code reuse during bytecode generation

```
ip $TABLE $CHAIN
                  meta load l4proto => reg 1 ]
                  cmp eq reg 1 0x00000006 ]
                  payload load 2b @ transport header + 2 => reg 1 ]
                  cmp eq reg 1 0x00001600 ]
                 immediate reg 0 drop ]
struct ipt_replace {
 struct ipt_entry {
                                      nft
        ipt
         struct bf_codegen {
           program_type: ...
           hook: ...
           rules: [
             rule {
               matchers: [...]
               verdict: drop/accept
```

Generation

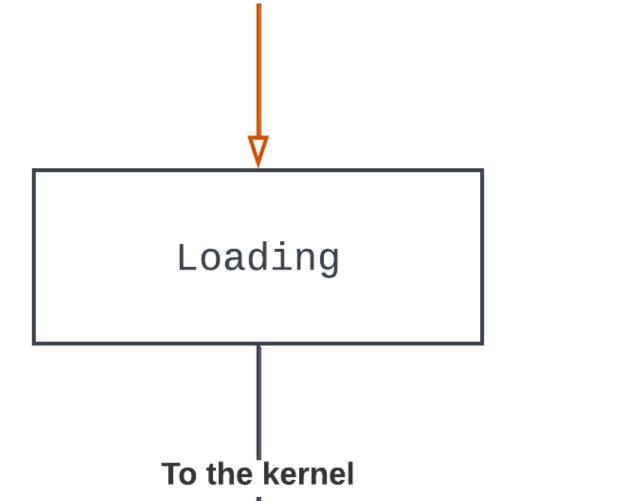
- This is the compilation step
- Outputs 1 or more BPF programs
- Creates a prologue and an epilogue which are specific to the BPF program type
- Rules are unrolled at BPF bytecode

```
struct bf_codegen {
 program_type: BPF_PROG_TYPE_XDP
 rules: [
    rule {
     matchers: [tcp dport 22]
     verdict: drop
          XDP prologue
                                    TC prologue
                     Setup environment
                       Compile rules
                       Apply policy
                    Generate functions
          XDP epilogue
                                    TC epilogue
struct bf_codegen {
 program_type: BPF_PROG_TYPE_XDP
 hook: ...
 rules: [...],
 programs: [
   struct bf_program {},
```

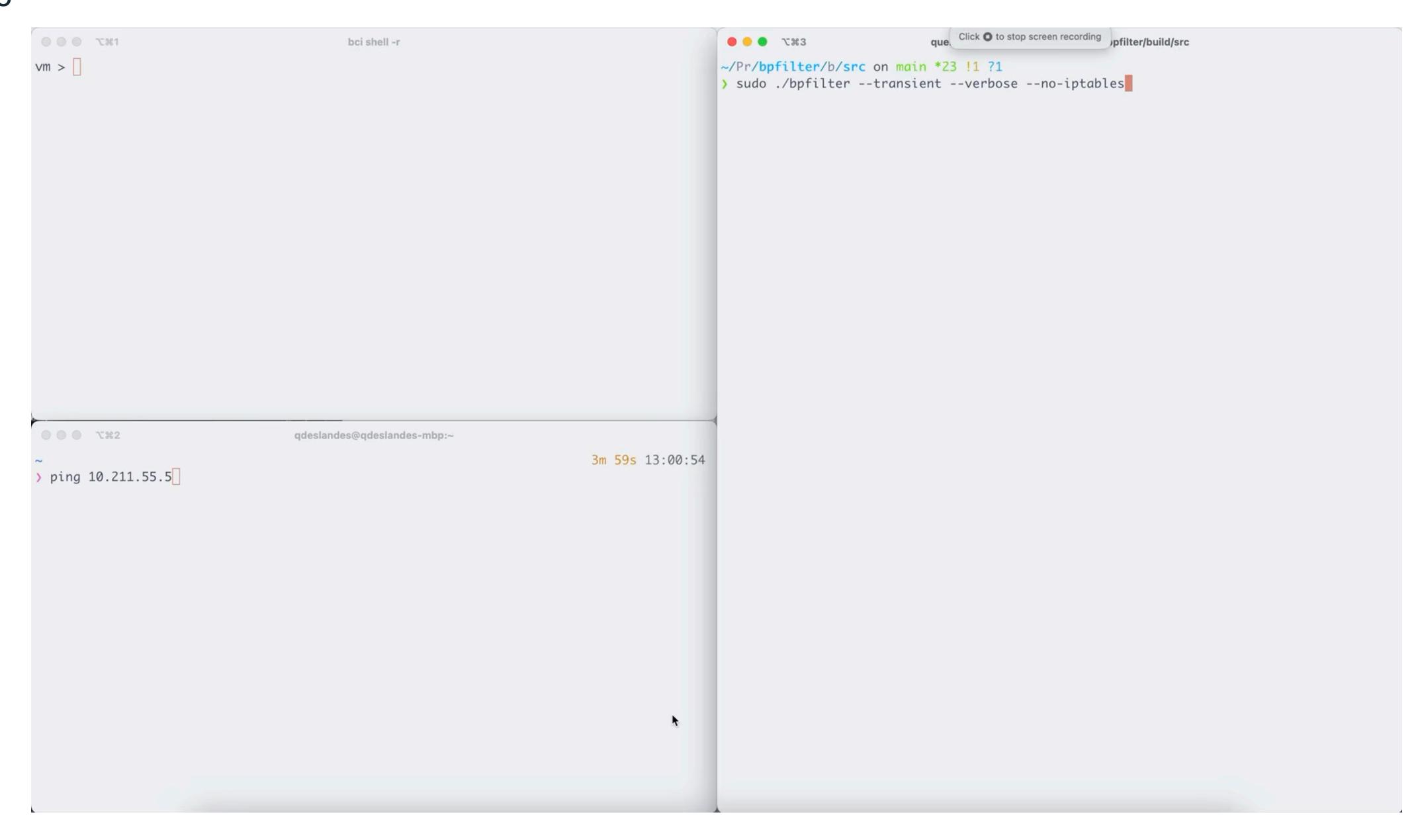
Loading

- Use BPF subsystem to attach a program
- Up to 1 program per interface
- Program replacement is atomic: no down time

```
struct bf_codegen {
  program_type: BPF_PROG_TYPE_XDP
  hook: ...
  rules: [...],
  programs: [
    struct bf_program {},
  ]
}
```

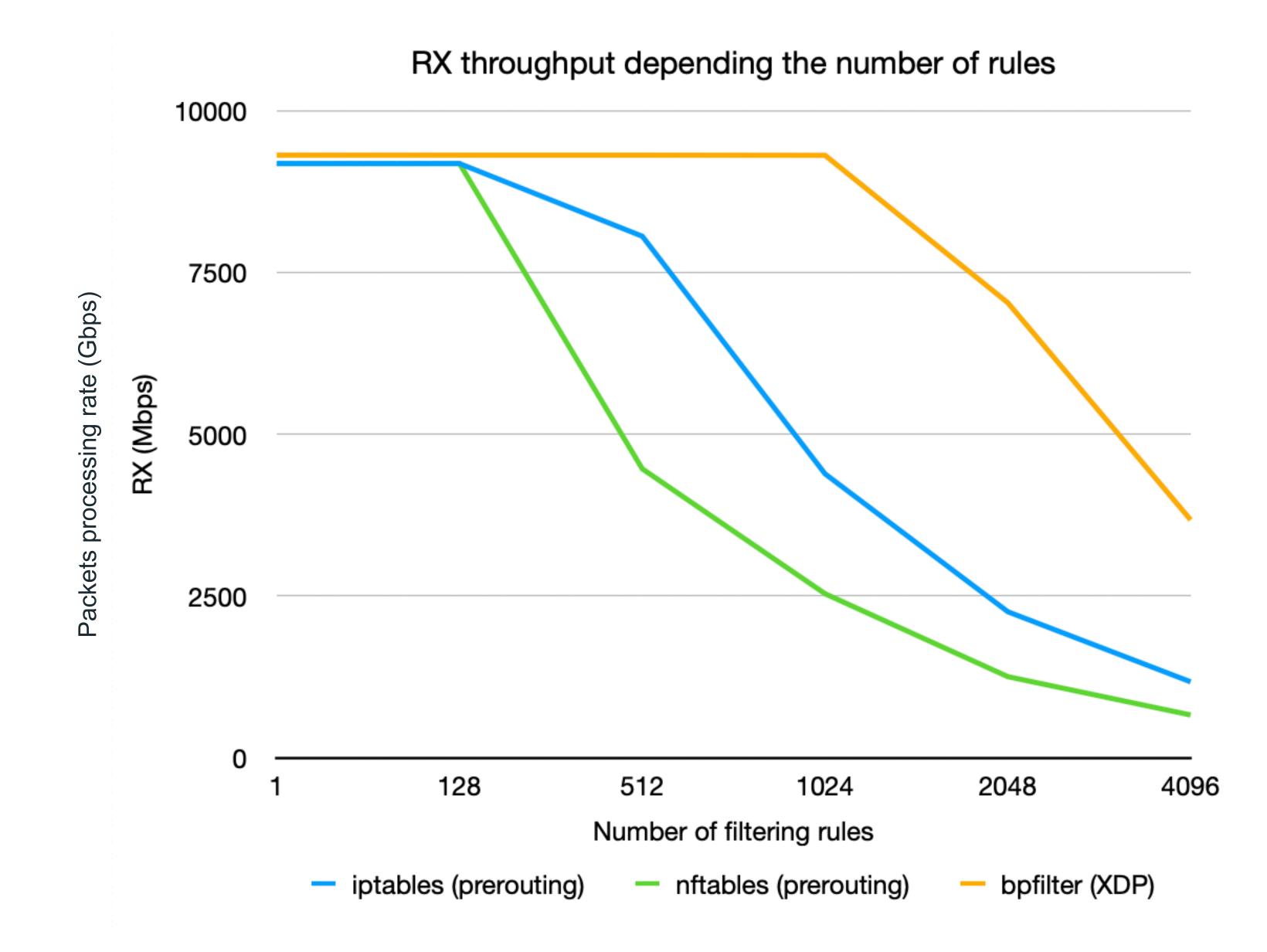


04 DEMO



Benchmarks

- 2 servers connected through a 10G link.
- Using Linux' pktgen to generate packets at ~10Gbps.
- Increase the number of rules to increase overhead.
- Last rule drop all UDP packets



Current features and capabilities

- iptables and nftables are available (from a fork)
- Filter packets based on:
 - Source/destination IP address and/or port
 - L3 protocol
 - Source network interface.
- Collecting statistics
- Support XDP, TC, BPF_NETFILTER programs
- Supports kfuncs, BPF helpers, BPF dynamic pointers, custom functions...

Future work

- IPv6 (in progress)
- Sets support
- Partial rules re-generation
- Generic client
- CGroups support

Resources

- bpfilter repository: github.com/facebook/bpfilter
- nftables fork: github.com/qdeslandes/nftables/tree/bpfilter_support
- iptables fork: github.com/qdeslandes/iptables/tree/bpfilter
- Status report and project's progress: <u>naccy.de</u>
- Email: qde@naccy.de

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