

# ORMs and ERDs, OMG!

## Forward and Reverse Engineering Databases With Django's ORM and Migration Tools

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**St.Thomas**



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# Outline

- 1 Intro
- 2 Forward and Reverse Engineering
- 3 Django Migrations and Inspectdb
- 4 Demo
- 5 Summary and Questions

# Motivation

- I teach mainly proprietary databases (Oracle), but I like to use open source tools
- I saw parallels between forward and reverse engineering features in ER diagram tools and Django
  - E.g. Oracle Data Modeler, MySQL Workbench, DBeaver, Erwin
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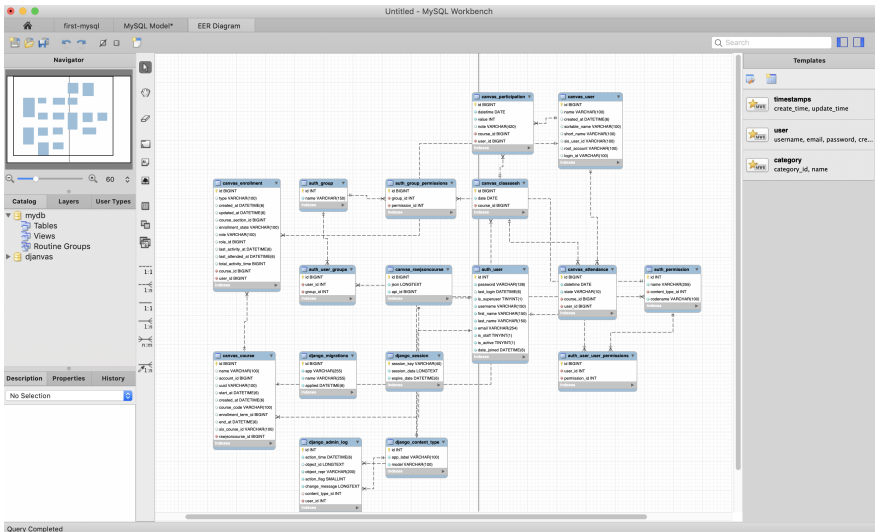
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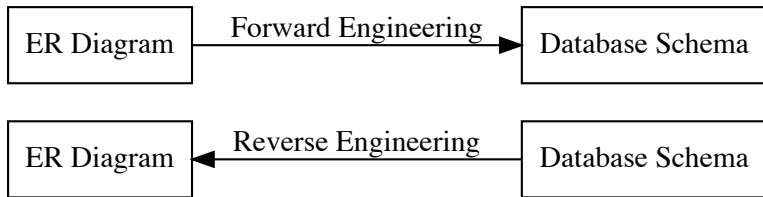
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## ER Diagram Example



# Forward and Reverse Engineering

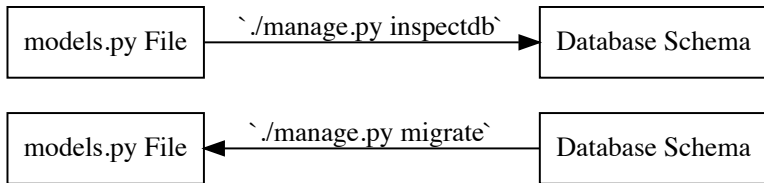


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# Django InspectDB and Migration



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- Give a tutorial example with MySQL workbench and Django
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# Terminology

- SQL: Structured Query Language, how to talk to databases
  - DDL: data definition (creating table structure)
  - DML: data manipulation (selecting/updating/deleting)
- ER diagram: visualize databases, node  $\equiv$  table, edge  $\equiv$  foreign key relationship between tables
- Logical design vs relational design: is a many-to-many relationship shown as an edge or as an intersection/association table
- Forward engineering: convert/export an ER diagram into a database schema (CREATE TABLE statements)
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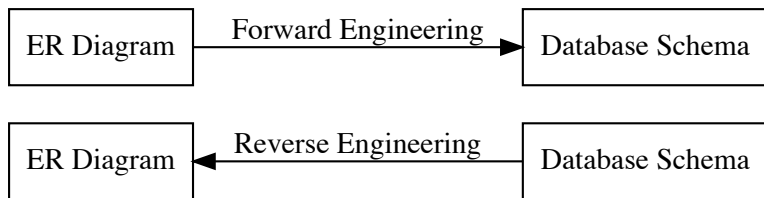
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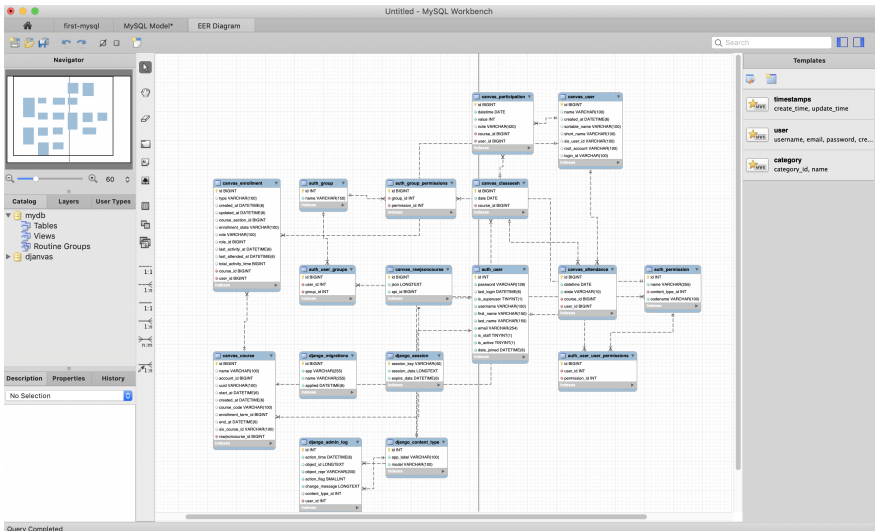
# Forward and Reverse Engineering



# Examples

- DBeaver
- MySQL Workbench
- Oracle Data Modeler (free but not open source)
- Erwin (not free or open source)

## ER Diagram Example



# Pros and Cons of ER Diagram Fwd/Rev Engineering

## Pros

- Visual representation
- GUI
- Management of Detail
- Ease for beginners
- May or may not be integrated in a DB IDE

## Cons

- Tools often specific to DBs
- Fwd/rev engineering features not always available
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- We will be considering a part of Django, the ORM (object relational mapper)
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# Django Migrations

- Roughly equivalent to forward engineering
  - But includes version info, data/DML in addition to schema/structure/DDL

# Django Inspect DB

- Roughly equivalent to reverse engineering

# Pros and Cons of Django ORM Migrations/Inspectdb

## Pros

- Cross-database support
- Django is designed to be used as a library
- Command-line scripting support
- Does more than just fwd/rev engineering schemas/DDL

## Cons

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django>python manage.py inspectdb --out=inspectdb.py



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# Forward Engineering

- ER use-case: database architecture to SQL
- Django use-case: normal Django usage
  - Django manages SQL

# Reverse Engineering

- ER use-case: visualize database structure
- Django use-case: convert existing DB structure to python code (model.py classes)
  - Django does not manage SQL (managed=False in the model)

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